In the Claims:

 (Amended) An electro-optical glazing structure having total-reflection and transparent modes of operation for selectively reflecting and transmitting electromagnetic radiation without absorption, respectively, said electro-optical glazing structure comprising:

an electro-optical panel of laminated construction, having first and second optical states of operation; and

optical state switching means for switching said electro-optical panel to said first optical state of operation in order to induce said electro-optical glazing into said total-reflection mode of operation, and for switching said electro-optical panel to said second optical state of operation in order to induce said electro-optical glazing into said transmission mode of operation,

wherein electromagnetic radiation within a first prespecified bandwidth falling incident upon said electro-optical panel is totally reflected from said electro-optical panel without absorption when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation, and

wherein electromagnetic radiation within a second prespecified bandwidth falling incident upon said electro-optical panel is transmitted through said electro-optical panel without absorption when said electro-optical panel is switched to said second optical state of operation.

2. -35. (Canceled)

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- 36. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 1, wherein said first prespecified bandwidth comprises the infrared (IR) portion and ultra-violet (UV) portions of the electromagnetic spectrum, and said second prespecified bandwidth comprises said IR portion, said UV portion and the visible portion of the electromagnetic spectrum.
- 37. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 1, wherein said electro-optical panel comprises:
- a first electrically-passive cholesteric liquid crystal (CLC) electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel;
- a second electrically-passive CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel; and an electrically-active π-phase retardation panel interposed between said first and second electrically-passive CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels.
- 38. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 37,

wherein said first and second electrically-passive CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels totally reflect without absorption electromagnetic radiation having a left hand circularly polarized (LHCP) state and a wavelength within said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation,

wherein said first and second electrically-passive CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either a right hand circularly polarized (RHCP) state and/or a wavelength outside said first

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prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation; and

wherein said first and second electrically-passive CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either said LHCP state or said RHCP state and a wavelength within said second prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said second optical state of operation.

39. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 37,

wherein said first and second electrically-passive CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels totally reflect without absorption electromagnetic radiation having a right hand circularly polarized (RHCP) state and a wavelength within said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation,

wherein said first and second electrically-passive CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either a left hand circularly polarized (LHCP) state and/or a wavelength outside said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation; and

wherein said first and second electrically-passive CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either said LHCP state or said RHCP state and a wavelength within said second prespecified

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bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said second optical state of operation.

40. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 1, wherein said electrooptical panel comprises:

a first electrically-active cholesteric liquid crystal (CLC) electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel;

a second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel; and an electrically-passive π -phase retardation panel interposed between said first and second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels.

41. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 40,

wherein said first and second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels totally reflect without absorption electromagnetic radiation having a left hand circularly polarized (LHCP) state and a wavelength within said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation,

wherein said first and second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either a right hand circularly polarized (RHCP) state and/or a wavelength outside said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation; and

wherein said first and second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either said LHCP state or said RHCP state and a wavelength within said second prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said second optical state of operation.

42. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 40,

wherein said first and second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels totally reflect without absorption electromagnetic radiation having a right hand circularly polarized (RHCP) state and a wavelength within said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation,

wherein said first and second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either a left hand circularly polarized (LHCP) state and/or a wavelength outside said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation; and

wherein said first and second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either said LHCP state or said RHCP state and a wavelength within said second prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said second optical state of operation.

- 43. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 1, wherein said electro-optical panel comprises:
- a first electrically-active cholesteric liquid crystal (CLC) electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel; and
- a second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel adjacent said first electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel.
- 44. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 43,

wherein said first electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel totally reflects without absorption electromagnetic radiation having a left hand circularly polarized (LHCP) state and a wavelength within said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation, and

wherein said first electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmits without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either a right hand circularly polarized (RHCP) state and/or a wavelength outside said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation;

wherein said second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel totally reflects without absorption electromagnetic radiation having said RHCP state and a wavelength within said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation, and

wherein said second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmits without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either said LHCP state and/or a wavelength outside said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation; and

wherein said first and second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either said LHCP state or said RHCP state and a wavelength within said second prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said second optical state of operation.

- 45. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 1, which further comprises: a window frame for mounting said electro-optical panel within a house or office building, or aboard a transportation vehicle.
- 46. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 45, which further comprises:

 a electromagnetic-sensor mounted on said window frame, for sensing
 electromagnetic conditions;
- a battery supply mounted within said window frame, for providing electrical power;
- a electromagnetic-powered battery recharger mounted within said window frame, for recharging the battery;

electrical circuitry mounted within said window frame, for producing glazing control voltages for switching said first and second optical states of operation; and

a programmable micro-computer chip mounted within said window frame, for controlling the operation of said battery recharger and said electrical circuitry, and the production of said glazing control voltages as required by a radiation flow control program stored within said programmable microcontroller.

- 47. (New) An intelligent pair of sunglasses, comprising:
 - a frame; and
 - a pair of optical element supported within said frame,

wherein each said optical element is realized using said electro-optical glazing structure of claim 1.

48. (New) An intelligent window system for dynamic electromagnetic radiation control which comprises:

a plurality of said electro-optical glazing structures of claim 45, each mounted within a house or office building, or aboard a transportation vehicle; and

a central control computer for coordinating the operation of said electro-optical glazing structures.

49. (New) An composite electro-optical glazing structure which comprises:

a plurality of said electro-optical glazing structures of claim 1, stacked together as a composite electro-optical structure,

wherein said composite electro-optical structure has more than two said optical states of operation which permit complex levels of electromagnetic radiation control.

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- 50. (New) A stereoscopic 3-D viewing device in the form of eyeglasses, comprising: a pair of optical elements positionable before the eyes of a user of said eyeglasses, each said optical element including said electro-optical glazing structure of claim
- whereby said eyeglasses can control electromagnetic radiation during stereoscopic 3-D viewing or monoscopic 2-D viewing of displayed images (i.e. virtual world viewing), or during stereoscopic viewing of real world objects.
- 51. (New) An electro-optical glazing structure having total-reflection and transparent modes of operation for selectively reflecting and transmitting electromagnetic radiation without absorption, respectively, said electro-optical glazing comprising:

an electro-optical panel of laminated construction, having first and second optical states of operation;

an electrical switching device operably coupled to said electro-optical panel;
wherein electromagnetic radiation within a first prespecified bandwidth falling
incident upon said electro-optical panel is totally reflected from said electro-optical panel
without absorption when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of
operation, and

wherein electromagnetic radiation within a second prespecified bandwidth falling incident upon said electro-optical panel is transmitted through said electro-optical panel without absorption when said electro-optical panel is switched to said second optical state of operation.

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- 52. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 51, wherein said first prespecified bandwidth comprises the infrared (IR) portion and ultra-violet (UV) portions of the electromagnetic spectrum, and said second prespecified bandwidth comprises said IR portion, said UV portion and the visible portion of the electromagnetic spectrum.
- 53. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 51, wherein said electro-optical panel comprises:
- a first electrically-passive cholesteric liquid crystal (CLC) electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel;
- a second electrically-passive CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel; and an electrically-active . π -phase retardation panel interposed between said first and second electrically-passive CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels.
- 54. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 53,

wherein said first and second electrically-passive CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels totally reflect without absorption electromagnetic radiation having a left hand circularly polarized (LHCP) state and a wavelength within said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation,

wherein said first and second electrically-passive CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either a right hand circularly polarized (RHCP) state and/or a wavelength outside said first

prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation; and

wherein said first and second electrically-passive CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either said LHCP state or said RHCP state and a wavelength within said second prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said second optical state of operation.

55. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 53,

wherein said first and second electrically-passive CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels totally reflect without absorption electromagnetic radiation having a right hand circularly polarized (RHCP) state and a wavelength within said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation,

wherein said first and second electrically-passive CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either a left hand circularly polarized (LHCP) state and/or a wavelength outside said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation; and

wherein said first and second electrically-passive CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either said LHCP state or said RHCP state and a wavelength within said second prespecified

bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said second optical state of operation.

56. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 51, wherein said electro-optical panel comprises:

a first electrically-active cholesteric liquid crystal (CLC) electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel;

a second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel; and an electrically-passive π -phase retardation panel interposed between said first and second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels.

57. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 56,

wherein said first and second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels totally reflect without absorption electromagnetic radiation having a left hand circularly polarized (LHCP) state and a wavelength within said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation,

wherein said first and second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either a right hand circularly polarized (RHCP) state and/or a wavelength outside said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation; and

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wherein said first and second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either said LHCP state or said RHCP state and a wavelength within said second prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said second optical state of operation.

58. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 56,

wherein said first and second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels totally reflect without absorption electromagnetic radiation having a right hand circularly polarized (RHCP) state and a wavelength within said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation,

wherein said first and second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either a left hand circularly polarized (LHCP) state and/or a wavelength outside said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation; and

wherein said first and second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either said LHCP state or said RHCP state and a wavelength within said second prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said second optical state of operation.

- 59. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 51, wherein said electro-optical panel comprises:
- a first electrically-active cholesteric liquid crystal (CLC) electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel; and
- a second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel adjacent said first electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel.
- 60. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 59,

wherein said first electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel totally reflects without absorption electromagnetic radiation having a left hand circularly polarized (LHCP) state and a wavelength within said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation, and

wherein said first electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmits without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either a right hand circularly polarized (RHCP) state and/or a wavelength outside said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation;

wherein said second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panel totally reflects without absorption electromagnetic radiation having said RHCP state and a wavelength within said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation, and

wherein said second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmits without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either said LHCP state and/or a wavelength outside said first prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said first optical state of operation; and

wherein said first and second electrically-active CLC electromagnetic radiation polarizing panels transmit without absorption electromagnetic radiation having either said LHCP state or said RHCP state and a wavelength within said second prespecified bandwidth when said electro-optical panel is switched to said second optical state of operation.

- 61. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 51, which further comprises:
 a window frame for mounting said electro-optical panel within a house or office
 building, or aboard a transportation vehicle.
- 62. (New) The electro-optical glazing structure of claim 61, which further comprises:

 a electromagnetic-sensor mounted on said window frame, for sensing
 electromagnetic conditions;
- a battery supply mounted within said window frame, for providing electrical power;
- a electromagnetic-powered battery recharger mounted within said window frame, for recharging the battery;

electrical circuitry mounted within said window frame, for producing glazing control voltages for switching said first and second optical states of operation; and

a programmable micro-computer chip mounted within said window frame, for controlling the operation of said battery recharger and said electrical circuitry, and the production of said glazing control voltages as required by a radiation flow control program stored within said programmable microcontroller.

- 63. (New) An intelligent pair of sunglasses, comprising:
 - a frame; and
 - a pair of optical element supported within said frame,

wherein each said optical element is realized using said electro-optical glazing structure of claim 51.

64. (New) An intelligent window system for dynamic electromagnetic radiation control which comprises:

a plurality of said electro-optical glazing structures of claim 61, each mounted within a house or office building, or aboard a transportation vehicle; and

a central control computer for coordinating the operation of said electro-optical glazing structures.

65. (New) An composite electro-optical glazing structure which comprises:

a plurality of said electro-optical glazing structures of claim 51, stacked together as a composite electro-optical structure,

wherein said composite electro-optical structure has more than two said optical states of operation which permit complex levels of electromagnetic radiation control.

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- 66. (New) A stereoscopic 3-D viewing device in the form of eyeglasses, comprising:
 a pair of optical elements positionable before the eyes of a user of said eyeglasses,
 each said optical element including said electro-optical glazing structure of claim
- whereby said eyeglasses can control electromagnetic radiation during stereoscopic 3-D viewing or monoscopic 2-D viewing of displayed images (i.e. virtual world viewing), or during stereoscopic viewing of real world objects.